# FAC 604. Academic Integrity Policy

As a community of scholars, we expect academic integrity from both students and professors. Faculty who violate standards of academic integrity are subject to discipline as provided in section 490 of the Faculty Handbook. This policy outlines the repercussions for students who behave in academically dishonest ways.

#### **Definitions**

Academic dishonesty is any act of cheating, fabrication, or plagiarism.

- Cheating is using or attempting to use unauthorized materials, information, or study aids. Examples: copying homework, copying someone else's test, using an unauthorized "cheat sheet," etc.
- Fabrication is falsification or invention of any information or citation. Examples: making up a source, giving an incorrect citation, deliberately misquoting a source, etc.
- Plagiarism is representing the work of another (words, pictures, ideas, etc.) as one's own in the final submission of an academic assignment, not, as a rule, in drafts or preliminary versions.

(The examples above are not exhaustive; infractions may include actions not listed.)

# **Procedures for Unintentional Violations of Academic Integrity**

Instructors use their discretion in determining whether infractions of academic integrity are intentional or unintentional. When instructors determine an act of academic dishonesty is unintentional, they may use their professional

judgment in determining the best way to remediate the student.

## Procedures for Intentional Violations of Academic Integrity

When instructors determine that an act of academic dishonesty is intentional, they shall

- 1. Complete and submit an Academic Dishonesty Incident Report form, including documentation of the incident, to the Vice President for Academic Affairs. (The form is available on the college Intranet site or in the Academic Affairs office.)
- Impose the sanction for academic dishonesty provided in their course syllabus, pending notification from the VPAA that their incident report is the first one filed against that student.

Students reported to the VPAA for the first time for an act of plagiarism shall submit documentation of their successful completion of a recommended plagiarism prevention program.

If a student has had one or more incident reports previously submitted to the VPAA, the following consequences shall ensue:

- Second reported offense: The student shall fail the course. At the request of the reporting faculty member, the student, the faculty member, and the VPAA can meet to determine the appropriateness of an F in the course for the behavior reported.
- Third reported offense: The student shall be suspended for the remainder of the term plus one additional full semester and fail the course in which the incident occurred. If the incident is reported prior to the last day to withdraw without a grade, the student will be withdrawn from all other courses in which he or she is enrolled. If the incident is reported after that date, the student shall receive final course grades calculated by adding zeroes for all remaining course assignments to grades received up to that point in the course.

Suspended students must reapply for admission and are not guaranteed re-admittance.

• Fourth reported offense: Dismissal with no right to appeal.

The VPAA will notify the student, the student's advisor, and the director of academic development each time an Academic Dishonesty Incident Report is submitted. With the exception noted above for a student's fourth infraction, students have the right to appeal any charge of academic dishonesty following the same procedures described in the <a href="Grade Appeal Policy">Grade Appeal Policy</a> published in the academic catalog.

## Other Kinds of Academic Dishonesty

Academic dishonesty can also include dissimulation and aiding and abetting.

- Dissimulation is the act of disguising or altering one's actions so as to deceive another about the real nature of one's actions concerning an academic exercise, including (but not limited to) fabricating excuses for missing classes, postponing tests, handing in late papers, turning in a paper for one class that was originally written for another class (when original work is requested), taking inappropriate credit for group work, etc.
- Aiding and abetting is knowingly facilitating any act defined in this policy, including (but not limited to) students helping other students plagiarize and/or cheat by unauthorized sharing of lab work or coursework, not reporting others' cheating incidents, etc.

Faculty retain the right to deal with instances of dissimulation and aiding and abetting as they deem appropriate, including reporting such incidents to the VPAA.